UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/695,267	10/28/2003	Jonathan K. Ross	200208250-1	4715
	7590 11/07/200 CKARD COMPANY	EXAMINER		
P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD			WILSER, MICHAEL P	
	CTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION LLINS, CO 80527-2400		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		2195	
	•			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
		•	11/07/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/695,267	ROSS ET AL.					
		Examiner	Art Unit	<u>*************************************</u>				
		Michael Wilser	2195					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MINISONS of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common to period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months at ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE OF THIS COMN of 37 CFR 1.135(a). In no event, however, runication. Autory period will apply and will expire SIX (6 will, by statute, cause the application to become	IUNICATION. may a reply be timely filed by MONTHS from the mailing date of this column ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on <u>28 October 2003</u> .						
2a)	This action is FINAL.	2b) This action is non-final.						
3)□	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4)🖾	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) 🗀	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	tion and/or election requiremen	it.					
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)🖾	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.		į.				
10)🛛	☑ The drawing(s) filed on 12 April 2004 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☑ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. Note the atta	ached Office Action or form PT	O-152.				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
• —	Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies	documents have been received documents have been received	d. d in Application No	Stage				
	·	nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))						
* (See the attached detailed Office actio							
Attachmer	, ,	_		·				
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P		rview Summary (PTO-413) er No(s)/Mail Date					
3) Info	rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date		ce of Informal Patent Application					

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-19 are pending in this application.

Drawings

- 2. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(4) because reference character "726" has been used to designate both dashed arrow and instruction.
- 3. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(4) because reference character "730" has been used to designate both arrow and instruction.
- 4. Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of

.

Application/Control Number: 10/695,267 Page 3

Art Unit: 2195

any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

5. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: the examiner notes the use of acronyms (e.g. vmsw etc.) throughout the specification without first including a description in plain text, as required.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

6. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

7. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claim 19 is drawn to a computer readable medium, which the applicant has defined in the claim (lines 3 and 4) to encompass an electronic or optical transmission signal. The Office considers an electronic signal to be a form of energy. Energy is not a series of steps or acts and this is not a process.

Art Unit: 2195

Energy is not a physical article or object and as such is not a machine or manufacture.

Energy is not a combination of substances and therefore not a compilation of matter.

Thus, an electronic transmission signal does not fall within any of the four categories of invention. Therefore, Claim 19 is not statutory.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 9. Claims 1-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Karger et al. (US 4,787,031).
- 10. As per Claim 1, Karger teaches the invention as claimed including a computer processor that executes instructions and that supports virtual machine monitor operation and implementation (abstract, lines 1-5), the computer processor comprising:
- a. a virtualization-mode processor state for execution of non-virtual-machinemonitor instructions (abstract, lines 2-3);

Art Unit: 2195

b. a non-virtualization-mode processor state for execution of virtual machine monitor instructions (abstract, lines 5-6); and

- c. a virtualization-mode-switch instruction that switches the state the processor between virtualization-mode and non-virtualization-mode without incurring an interruption (column 20, lines 62-65).
- 11. As per Claim 2, Karger further discloses when executed by a process running in virtualization mode, the virtualization-mode-switch instruction checks to ensure that the page attributes of the virtual memory-page containing the virtualization-mode-switch instruction are compatible with the virtualization-mode-switch instruction and that the current priority level is a most privileged virtualized priority level, before switching to non-virtualization mode (column 21, lines 5-9).
- 12. As per Claim 3, Karger further discloses when executed by a process running in non-virtualization mode, the virtualization-mode-switch instruction checks to ensure that the page attributes of the virtual memory page containing the virtualization-mode-switch instruction are compatible with the virtualization-mode-switch instruction and that the current priority level is a highest priority level, before switching to virtualization-mode (column 21, lines 10-15).

Page 5

Art Unit: 2195

13. As per Claim 4, Karger teaches the invention as claimed including a computer processor that executes instructions and that supports virtual machine monitor operation and implementation (abstract, lines 1-5), the computer processor including:

Page 6

a. a virtualization-mode processor state for execution of non-virtual-machine-monitor instructions (abstract, lines 2-3);

b. a non-virtualization-mode processor state for execution of virtual machine monitor instructions (abstract, lines 5-6); and

c. a virtualization fault invoked by the computer processor when a routine executing in virtualization mode at a highest privilege level attempts to execute an instruction needing virtualization (column 5, lines 3-10).

- 14. As per Claim 5, Karger further discloses wherein the virtualization fault has a lower priority than improper-instruction-related faults, so that an associated virtualization-fault handler in a computer system including the computer processor can avoid emulating improper-instruction-related faults (column 18, lines 12-18).
- 15. As per Claim 6, Karger further discloses wherein the processor is switched to non-virtualization mode when the virtualization fault is triggered by the enhanced computer processor (column 18, lines 27-28).

Art Unit: 2195

16. As per Claim 7, Karger teaches the invention as claimed including a computer processor that executes instructions and that supports virtual machine monitor operation and implementation (abstract, lines 1-5), the computer processor including:

a. a virtualization-mode processor state for execution of non-virtual-machine-monitor instructions (abstract, lines 2-3);

b. a non-virtualization-mode processor state for execution of virtual machine monitor instructions (abstract, lines 5-6); and

c. a flexible highest-implemented-virtual-address bit that, in virtualization mode, is checked by the processor and reported by the virtual machine monitor to be less than the highest-implemented-virtual-address bit in non-virtualization mode, so that a high-order portion of virtual-address space is accessible only to a virtual machine monitor executing in non-virtualization mode (column 9, lines 46-50).

- 17. As per Claims 8-14, they are rejected for the same reasons as Claims 1-7 above.
- 18. As per Claim 15, Karger teaches the invention as claimed including a method for supporting multiple, concurrent guest operating systems in a computer system (column 5, lines 28-35), the method comprising:
 - a. providing a virtual-mode bit flag in a processor (column 5, lines 30-35);
- b. providing a vmsw instruction in the processor that changes the state of the virtualization-mode bit flag to enable a guest operating system to directly enter virtual-machine-monitor mode without incurring an interruption (column 6, lines 1-3);

Art Unit: 2195

c. providing a virtualization fault with an interruption vector, assigned to have a relatively low interruption priority, that is generated when a routine, executing at high priority in virtualization mode, attempts to execute a privileged instruction or an instruction that needs software virtualization assistance and that is associated with a virtualization fault handler (column 10, lines 52-60); and

d. providing a virtual-machine monitor that executes privileged instructions on behalf of guest operating systems and provides to each guest operating system a virtual machine interface, the virtual-machine monitor invoked by vmsw instructions or a virtualization fault (column 5, lines 51-55).

- 19. As per Claim 16, Karger further discloses wherein address space is reserved for exclusive use by the virtual-machine monitor (column 9, lines 46-50).
- 20. As per Claim 17, Karger further discloses wherein the address space reserved for exclusive use by the virtual-machine monitor is addressed by addresses including a highest bit of implemented virtual address space, the virtual-machine monitor reporting a smaller implemented address space to guest operating systems addressed by addresses that do not include the highest bit of implemented virtual address space (column 9, lines 50-60).

Application/Control Number: 10/695,267 Page 9

Art Unit: 2195

21. As per Claim 18, Karger further discloses computer instructions stored in a computer-readable medium that implement the virtual-machine monitor (abstract, line 1).

- 22. As per Claim 19, Karger further discloses computer instructions that implement the virtual-machine monitor encoded in a digital data-transfer medium including one of:
 - a. an electronic data transfer medium (column 5, lines 28-35; and
 - b. an optical data transfer medium (column 5, lines 28-35).

Conclusion

- 23. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- a. Cota-Robles et al. (US 2003/0037089) Tracking Operating System Process and Thread Execution and Virtual Machine Execution in Hardware or in a Virtual Machine Monitor.
- b. Kjos et al. (US 6,895,491) Memory Addressing for a Virtual Machine Implementation on a Computer Processor Supporting Virtual Hash-Page-Table Searching.

Art Unit: 2195

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Wilser whose telephone number is (571) 270-1689. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 7:30-5:00 EST (Alt Fridays Off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (571) 272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have guestions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

September 14, 2007

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 210"